

SKU: 80-013-LS

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:

- PRODUCT NAME:
 PROCRAFT OXIDIZER SILVER
- SYNONYMS: Not Applicable
- CHEMICAL NAME/CLASS: Sulfurated Potash
- PRODUCT CODE: 45.690

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE MIXTURE OR USES ADVISED AGAINST

- IDENTIFIED USE: Various Industrial Operations
- USES ADVISED AGAINST: None Specified

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

DISTRIBUTED BY: Romanoff International Supply Corp

9 DeForest Street, Amityville, NY 11701 USA

- BUSINESS PHONE: 631-842-2400
- EMERGENCY PHONE: CHEMTEL (ACCOUNT #MIS4594445 COLLECT CALLS ACCEPTED)

USA, CANADA, PUERTO RICO & US VIRGIN ISLANDS:1-800-255-3924 AUSTRALIA: 1-300-954-583 BRAZIL: 0-800-591-6042 CHINA: 400-120-0751 INDIA: 000-800-100-4086 MEXICO: 01-800-099-0731 ALL OTHER COUNTRIES: 1-813-248-0585

1.4 OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION

ADDRESS

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• This product is sold in relatively small volumes. This SDS has been developed to address safety concerns affecting small volume handling situations and those involving warehouses and other workplaces where large numbers of these items are stored or distributed.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

REGULATION	CLASSIFICATION
OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION (GHS)	Flammable Solid (Category 2); Acute Toxicity, Oral (Category 3); Specific Organ Toxicity – single exposure, respiratory tract irritant (Category 3); Skin Irritation (Category 2); Serious Eye Irritation (Category 2)

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:

• OSHA/CLP – BASED ON GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM

Symbol: To the right.

SignalWord: Warning.

Hazard statement(s)

• Flammable solid. May be harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.



SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (Continued)

Precautionary statement(s)

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid breathing dust. Wash exposed skin after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Wear protective glovers/clothing/eye protection/face protection. If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

STORAGE: None specified. See Section 7 for specific recommendations.

DISPOSAL: None specified. See Section 13 for specific recommendations

2.3 OTHER PERTINENT DATA ON CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

Health	2	<u>HMIS Personal Protective Equipment Rating</u> : Occupational Use situations: B/C; Safety glasses and gloves/ body protection suitable to specific	
Flammability	2		
Physical Hazard	0	circumstances of use should be considered.	
Protective Equipment	B/C		

• CANADIAN REGULATORY STATUS

- This product is not classified as hazardous under Canadian Controlled Products regulations (SOR-88-66).
 - This SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 SUBSTANCES/MIXTURES

COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION FOR COMPONENT	% (w/w)
Potassium Trisulfide	37488-75-8	Flammable Solid (Category 2); Acute Toxicity, Oral (Category 3); Specific Organ Toxicity – single exposure, respiratory tract irritant (Category 3); Skin Irritation (Category 2); Serious Eye Irritation (Category 2)	20-30
Potassium Thiosulfate Dihydrate	10294-66-3		Balance

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. "Roll" eyes during flush. Seek medical attention if symptoms continue **Skin:** Flush area with warm, running water for 15 minutes. **Inhalation**: If dusts of this product are inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. **Ingestion:** Contact a Poison Control Center or physician for instructions. If professional advice is not available, do not induce vomiting. Victim should drink milk, egg whites, or large quantities of water. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or who cannot swallow.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT ACUTE AND CHRONIC EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS

- **ACUTE:** May moderate irritation of the eye if exposed to dusts, depending on the duration of contact. May cause mild to moderate irritation of the skin. Inhalation can cause irritation of the respiratory system.
- CHRONIC: None reported.
- TARGET ORGANS: Acute eyes. Chronic None.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (Continued)

4.3 INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

- **RECOMMENDATIONS TO PHYSICIANS**: Treat symptoms and eliminate exposure.
- **MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:** Disorders associated with the target organs may be aggravated after either acute or chronic exposures.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- **RECOMMENDED FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Water Spray, Water Jet, Dry Powder, Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Halon, or any other.
- UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: None known.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

- NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: Flammable solid.
- 20
- UNUSUAL HAZARDS IN FIRE SITUATIONS: Dusts of this product may form explosive mixtures in air; however, this hazard is mitigated when in lump form as in this product. Use extinguishing material suitable to the surrounding fire. Contact with acids or steam may produce flammable, explosive, poisonous hydrogen sulfide.
- o Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive.
- Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

• Wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment for fire response. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk to personnel. Otherwise, use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Contaminated equipment should be rinsed thoroughly with water before returning to service.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- **RESPONSE TO INCIDENTAL RELEASES:** Personnel who have received basic chemical safety training can generally handle small-scale releases (e.g., under 1 lb). Wear gloves, safety glasses when cleaning-up spills. Use caution during clean-up; avoid stepping on powdery surfaces, as they may be slippery.
- **RESPONSE TO NON-INCIDENTAL RELEASES:** In the event of a non-incidental release (more than 10 lb), Minimum Personal Protective Equipment should be **Level C: triple-gloves, chemical resistant apron, boots, and splash goggles and an Air-Purifying respirator with high efficiency particulate filter.** Sweep-up spilled solid carefully, or mop-up with damp sponge or pad. If necessary, triple-rinse contaminated area or items with water.
- **RESPONSE PROCEDURES FOR ANY RELEASE**: Sweep-up spilled material., triple-rinse contaminated area or items with water.

6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

• Avoid response actions that can cause a release of a significant amount of the substance (10 lb or more) into the environment.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

• SPILL RESPONSE EQUIPMENT: Polypad or other absorbent material.

6.4 **REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS**

• **SECTION 8:** For exposure levels and detailed personal protective equipment recommendations. **SECTION 13:** For waste handling guidelines.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

- HYGIENE PRACTICES: Keep out of reach of children. Follow good chemical hygiene practices. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Do not smoke, drink, eat, or apply cosmetics in the chemical use area. Avoid inhalation of dusts. Use in well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Remove contaminated clothing promptly. Clean up spilled product immediately.
- **HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS:** Employees must be appropriately trained to use this product safely, as needed. Keep containers closed when not in use.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

- STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS: Ensure all containers are correctly labeled. Store containers away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Store this product away from incompatible chemicals (See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Empty containers may contain residual material; therefore, empty containers should be handled with care. Material should be stored in secondary containers, or in a diked area, as appropriate. Storage and use areas should be covered with impervious materials. Inspect all incoming containers before storage, to ensure containers are properly labeled and not damaged.
- INCOMPATIBILITIES: See Section 10 (Stability and Reactivity).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 <u>CONTROL PARAMETERS</u>

- U.S. NATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS: Not established.
- **BIOLOGICAL OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:** There are no Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) for components of this product.

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

- **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use this product in well-ventilated environment. Safety showers, eye wash stations, and hand-washing equipment should be available.
- **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** None needed under normal conditions of use. Use NIOSH approved respirators if ventilation is inadequate to dusts.
- **HAND PROTECTION:** Nitrile or neoprene gloves should be used. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138.
- **EYE PROTECTION:** Splash goggles or safety glasses. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.
- **BODY PROTECTION:** Use a body protection appropriate to task (e.g., lab coat, coveralls, or apron). Care should be taken to select protection for potentially exposed areas when prolonged exposure could occur in occupational settings.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

- (a) APPEARANCE: Yellow-brown to brown lumps.
- (b) ODOR: Unpleasant odor.
- (c) ODOR THRESHOLD: Not determined.
- (d) pH: 7.2 (Solution of product)
- (e) MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT: Not determined.
- (f) INITIAL BOILING POINT AND BOILING RANGE: Not applicable.
- (g) FLASH POINT: Not applicable
- (h) EVAPORATION RATE (water=1): Not applicable.
- (i) FLAMMABILITY: Flammable solid.
- (j) UPPER/LOWER FLAMMABILITY OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS: Not applicable.

9.2 OTHER INFORMATION

- VOC (less water & exempt): Not applicable.
- WEIGHT% VOC: Not applicable.

(k) VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg @ 20°C): Not

applicable. VAPOR DENSITY: Not applicable.

(m) DENSITY: Not determined.

- (n) SOLUBILITY: Soluble.
- (o) PARTITION COEFFICIENT: N-OCTANOL/WATER: Not applicable.
- (p) AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not applicable.
- (q) DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: Not determined.
- (r) VISCOSITY: Not applicable.
- (s) EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES: Not applicable.
- (t) OXIDIZING PROPERTIES: Not an oxidizer.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 <u>REACTIVITY</u>

• Not reactive under typical conditions of use or handling; contact with water can generate some amount of heat.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY

• Normally stable under standard temperatures and pressures.

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

- This product is not self-reactive or air-reactive.
- This product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID

• Avoid contact with incompatible chemicals.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

• This product is not compatible with Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens and halogenated compounds. Acids. Alcohols. Reducing agents. Carbonates. Acid salts. Metals. Aluminum. Zinc.

10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

• Products of thermal decomposition of this product include sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

- **DEGREE OF IRRITATION:** Serious eye irritant.
- SENSITIZATION: Not reported to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (Continued)

• ACUTE TOXICITY:

• **TOXICOLOGY DATA**: The following toxicology data are available for components of this product. <u>CALCIUM CARBONATE</u>

LD₅₀ (Oral, Rat) = 6,450 mg/kg

- **REVIEW OF ACUTE SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS:** See Section 2 (Hazards Information) and Section 4 (First-Aid Measures) for further details.
 - **EYES:** Can cause moderate to serious eye irritation.
 - SKIN: May cause moderate to serious skin irritation.
 - INHALATION: Dusts of this product may cause irritation of the respiratory system.
 - **INGESTION:** Although not anticipated to be a significant route of occupational overexposures, ingestion of this product may cause gastrointestinal problems.
- CHRONIC TOXICITY:
 - o CARCINOGENICITY STATUS: Not established.
 - REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: The components of this product are not reported to cause reproductive effects under typical circumstances of exposure at the concentrations present in this product.
 - **MUTAGENIC EFFECTS:** The components of this product are not reported to cause reproductive effects under typical circumstances of exposure at the concentrations present in this product.
 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY SINGLE EXPOSURE: Respiratory irritant.
 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY REPEATED EXPOSURE: Not applicable.
- OTHER INFORMATION
 - TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: None known.
 - ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY: None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 <u>TOXICITY</u>

- Based on available data, this product is anticipated to be harmful to contaminated terrestrial plants or animals.
- Based on available data, this product is anticipated to be harmful to contaminated aquatic plants or animals.

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

• When released into the soil, the components of this product are expected to biodegrade, dissipate in soils via oxidation, or otherwise chemically degrade or photo-decompose via solar radiation.

12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

• The components of this product are not anticipated to bioaccumulate in any significant quantities.

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL

• Not determined.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

- **WASTE HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS:** Prepare, transport, treat, store, and dispose of waste product according to all applicable local, U.S. State and U.S. Federal regulations, the applicable Canadian standards, or the appropriate standards of the nations of the European Community.
- **PRECIOUS METAL RECLAMATION:** When applicable and practical, users of the product may wish to utilize precious metal reclamation services for final disposition of wastes.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 DANGEROUS GOODS BASIC DESCRIPTION AND OTHER TRANSPORT INFORMATION

• This material is hazardous for shipment, per the Hazardous Materials Regulations or Dangerous Goods Codes. Please contact the manufacturer if there are questions pertinent to the shipment of this product.

14.2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

• None described, as related to transportation.

14.3 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USERS

Not applicable.

14.4 TRANSPORT IN BULK

• Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 SAFETY, HEALTH, AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS SPECIFIC FOR THE PRPDUCT.

OTHER IMPORTANT U.S. REGULATIONS

- U.S. SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY: Not applicable.
- U.S. SARA HAZARD CATEGORIES (SECTION 311/312, 40 CFR 370-21): ACUTE: Yes; CHRONIC: No; FIRE: No; REACTIVE: No; SUDDEN RELEASE: No
- U.S. CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): Not applicable.
- **U.S. TSCA INVENTORY STATUS:** All components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
- CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (PROPOSITION 65) STATUS: Not applicable.
- INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS
 - CANADIAN DSL/NDSL INVENTORY STATUS: The listed components of this product are on the DSL/NDSL Inventory.
 - CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA) PRIORITIES SUBSTANCES LISTS: The components of this product are not on the CEPA Priorities Substances Lists.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 INDICATION OF CHANGE.

- CHANGE INDICATED: Update per OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
- **DATES OF PUBLICATION:** September 30, 2015
- **SUPERCEDES:** August 8, 2014.

16.2 KEY LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA

- SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR COMPONENT PRODUCTS.
- RTECS Registry of Effects of Toxic Chemicals
- ECHA: European Chemical Hazards Agency http://echa.europa.eu/en/information-on-chemicals/
- TOXNET: http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

16.3 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS.

ALL SECTIONS: <u>OSHA</u>: U.S. Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration. <u>WHMIS</u>: Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Standard. <u>GHS</u>: Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Chemical Substances. <u>REACH</u>: European Union regulation, Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical substances.

SECTION 2: <u>CAS Number</u>: Chemical Abstract Service Number, which is used by the American chemical Society to uniquely identify a chemical. <u>EINECS</u>: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances.

SECTION 3: <u>HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION</u> <u>SYSTEM RATING</u>: This is a rating system used by industry to summarize physical and health hazards to chemical users and was originally developed by the National Paint and Coating Association. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.

SECTION 5: <u>NFPA</u>: National Fire Protection Association. <u>NFPA</u> <u>FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION</u>: The NFPA uses the flash point (FI.P.) and boiling point (BP) to classify flammable or combustible liquids. Class IA: FI.P. below 73°F and BP below 100°F. Class IB: FI.P. below 73°F and BP at or above 100°F. Class IC: :FI.P. at or above 73°F and BP at or above 100°F. Class III: : FI.P. at or above 73°F and BP at or above 100°F. Class III: : FI.P. at or above 73°F. Class IIIB: FI.P. at or above 140°F and below 200°F. Class IIIB: FI.P. at or above 200°F. <u>NFPA</u> <u>HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RATING</u>: This is a rating system used to summarize physical and health hazards to firefighters. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.

SECTION 8: Not established. ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists; <u>TWA</u>: Time-Weighted Average (over an 8-hour work day); <u>STEL:</u> Short-Term Exposure Limit (15 minute average, no more than 4-times daily and each exposure separated by one-hour minimally); C: Ceiling Limit (concentration not to be exceeded in a work environment). PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit. NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health; REL: Recommended Exposure Limit; IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health Concentrations. Note: In July 1992, a court ruling vacated the more protective PELs set by OSHA in 1989. Because OSHA may enforce the more protective levels under the "general duty clause", both the current and vacated levels are presented in this document. ppm: Parts per Million. mg/m3: Milligrams per cubic meter. mppcf: Millions of Particles per Cubic Foot. BEI: Biological Exposure Limit. EL: Exposure Limit (United Kingdom). Federal Republic of Germany (<u>DFG</u>) Maximum Concentration Values in the Workplace (<u>MAKs</u>)

SECTION 9: <u>pH</u>: Scale (0 to 14) used to rate the acidity or alkalinity of aqueous solutions. For example, a pH value of 0 indicates a strongly acidic solution, pH of 7 indicates a neutral solution, and a pH value of 14 indicates an extremely basic solution. <u>FLASH POINT</u>: Temperature at which a liquid generates enough flammable vapors so that ignition may occur. <u>AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE</u>: Temperature at which spontaneous ignition occurs. <u>LOWER</u> <u>EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (LEL)</u>: The minimal concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. <u>UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (UEL)</u>: The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. <u>WPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (UEL)</u>: The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. *PPER* <u>EXPLOSIVE LIMIT</u> (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. *PPER* <u>EXPLOSIVE LIMIT</u> (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. *PPER* <u>EXPLOSIVE LIMIT</u> (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. *PPER* <u>EXPLOSIVE LIMIT</u> (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. *PPER* <u>EXPLOSIVE LIMIT</u> (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. *PPER* <u>EXPLOSIVE LIMIT</u> (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. *PPER* <u>EXPLOSIVE</u> <u>EX</u>

SECTION 11: CARCINOGENICITY STATUS: NTP: National Toxicology Program. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: Mutagen: Substance capable of causing chromosomal damage to cells. Embryotoxin: Substance capable of damaging the developing embryo in an overexposed female. Teratogen: Substance capable of damaging the developing fetus in an overexposed female. Reproductive toxin: Substance capable of adversely affecting male or female reproductive organs or functions. TOXICOLOGY DATA: LDxxor LCxx: The Lethal Dose or Lethal Concentration of a substance which will be fatal to a given percentage (xx) of exposed test animals by the designate route of administration. This value is used to access the toxicity of chemical substances to humans. The Toxic Dose or Toxic Concentration of a TDxxor TCxx substance which will cause an adverse effect to a given percentage (xx) of exposed test animals by the designate route of administration.

SECTION 12: TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

SECTION 13: <u>RCRA</u>: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The regulations promulgated under this act under Act are found in 40 CFR, Sections 260 ff, and define the requirements of hazardous waste generation, transport, treatment, storage, and disposal. <u>EPA</u> <u>RCRA Waste Codes</u>: Defined in 40 CFR Section 261.

SECTION 15: <u>CERCLA</u>: Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (a.k.a. "Superfund") and SARA: (Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act). The regulations promulgated under this Act are located under 40 CFR 300 ff. and provide "community right-to-know" requirements. DSL/NDSL: Canadian Domestic Substances and Non-Domestic Substances Lists.